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# EAST BAY LABOR JOURNAL

THE ONLY OFFICIAL NEWSPAPER OF ORGANIZED LABOR IN ALAMEDA COUNTY

—OWNED, CONTROLLED AND PUBLISHED BY—

*CENTRAL LABOR COUNCIL OF ALAMEDA COUNTY AND BUILDING TRADES COUNCIL OF ALAMEDA COUNTY*

VOL. X. NUMBER 11. OAKLAND, CALIF., FRIDAY, JANUARY 26, 1934 SINGLE COPIES FIVE CENTS

## Arbitration Board Awards Bakery Wagon Drivers and Salesmen Five-Day Week

With reference to certain issues between the Bakery Wagon Drivers and Salesmen's Union of San Francisco, Local No. 484, and the California Bakers' Association, a decision was reached by the Board of Arbitration, which has been considering the matter for some ten weeks. Among the most important issues settled by the board was the awarding of the five-day week to the bakery wagon drivers and salesmen. Another issue of importance was the upholding of the principle of a section in the present agreement which gives unemployed members preference of employment.

The Board of Arbitration consisted of Superior Court Judge Walter Perry Johnson, chairman; William Foley, Robert Law, Donald McRae, and Stanley S. Langendorf, who acted as alternative. These four represented the employers. The union representatives of the Board of Arbitration were Michael Casey, Clarence J. Walsh, and Geo. G. Kidwell.

This award is of extreme importance in establishing the five-day week for the bakery wagon drivers and salesmen. Mr. Geo. G. Kidwell, secretary of the union, estimated that the five-day week would provide employment for some 70 to 80 of the present unemployed bakery wagon drivers and salesmen.

There was no change made in the present weekly wage scale.

The Employers' Association was represented by Attorney Nat Schmulowitz and the Union's case was prepared and presented by the Pacific Coast Labor Bureau.

## Telephone Company Free Distribution of Almanacs

Food for thought, and material for many classroom "themes," is contained in the 1934 Telephone Almanac, free distribution of which is now in progress at the Franklin street office of The Pacific Telephone and Telegraph Co., according to Manager G. J. Springer.

Among the features of this annual Bell System publication, described by Springer, is an "old-fashioned Rebus page with new ideas;"a table of moon phases and eclipses; and scores of facts concerning American history particularly those illustrating how communication has welded the country into a closely-knit national community.

"Indians, colonists, heroes of the Revolution, frontiersmen, forty-niners, and communication pioneers all have their achievements and adventures recorded chronologically in the Telephone Almanac," said Mr. Springer.

"What Daniel Webster thought of the Far West is told on one Almanac page. In a speech Webster said: 'What do we want of this vast, worthless area; this region of savages and wild beasts, of deserts, shifting sands and whirlwinds of dust? What use have we for such a country? Mr. President, I will never vote one cent from the public treasury to place the Pacific coast one inch nearer Boston than it now is.'

"Where Webster would not have spent a cent to span the continent, communication facilities costing hundreds of millions of dollars now make the Atlantic and Pacific coasts close neighbors."

## Georgia Projects Violate CWA Wage Rate, Is Said

Augusta, Ga.—Trade union officials here charged that those in control of Civil Works Administration projects in Aiken county are employing carpenters at 40 cents per hour, contrary to the specific regulations providing a wage scale of $1 per hour for skilled craftsmen. Following the failure of those in charge of the projects to adjust the matter, officials of the building trades unions forwarded their complaint to Harry L. Hopkins, Civil Works Administrator, in Washington.

## Millionaires Shrink

Only 20 men in the United States had net personal incomes of more than $1,000,000 each in 1932, and none of the 20 got above the $5,000,000 mark. In 1929, 513 individuals reported net incomes above $1,000,000.

## Bakers' Union In Special Meeting Tomorrow Night

Tomorrow evening in Castle hall, 387 12th street, at 6 o'clock sharp, Bakers' Union No. 119 will hold a special meeting to vote on important matters now confronting the organization.

It is the duty of every member of Local 119 to attend this meeting. Other matters of importance will come before the meeting for discussion.

All members are requested to attend.

E. E. STACK, President.
CY COOEY, Secretary.

## Wallman Presented With Badge; Was An Electrical Worker

It is always gratifying to the membership of Organized Labor to see a public official receive the recognition and advancement to which he is entitled because of his competency, sincerity and the manner in which he attacks the problems of his office. It is especially gratifying when we find that such a man at one time worked with the tools in his younger days as a electrician's helper under the able guidance of a member of Local No. 283 of San Francisco.

This was back in the "pre-fire" days when Bodie Wallman, now chief of police of Oakland, California, worked under the foremanship of his brother J. G. Wallman, a present member of Electrical Workers' Union No. 595 and Operating Engineers' Union No. 507, for the National Electric Company at Post and Powell streets, San Francisco. Later on during his college vacation, he worked under the foremanship of "Chicago Swede" Carlson, known throughout the United States States as a union man wherever wiremen get together.

With such a background as a working man we are confident that the position of Chief of Police of Oakland is in the hands of an especially qualified and understanding man in the person of Bodie Wallman, recently appointed chief of police by City Manager John F. Hassler.

At a dinner held in the Athens Club last Wednesday evening, Chief Wallman was presented with a diamond-studded gold star from the members of the police department. More than a hundred persons attended the dinner.

## Sweatshops Commence War on Blue Eagle

A new fight on the NRA was launched recently when 49 New York manufacturers in the women's garment trade filed suit in the District of Columbia Supreme Court to restrain enforcement of the code for their industry and to have the entire National Industrial Recovery Act declared "unconstitutional."

These bosses are the ones who recently succeeded in obtaining a temporary injunction at Hartford, Conn., against the wage and hour provisions of the suit and dress code. Now they have opened their attack on a national scale.

They make the amazing charge that the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union and the decent employers in the industry have, with the consent and assistance of the Federal government, entered into a conspiracy to interfere with the "constitutional right" of sweatshop bosses to pay starvation wages and maintain long hours.

Prior to the advent of the NRA the conduct of the sweatshop operators became a national scandal. They maintained headquarters in New York City but had branch factories in other states where lack of adequate labor laws made it possible for them to exploit women and children to the limit.

Connecticut and Pennsylvania were the favorite localities for these "runaway" sweatshop plants. In some cases they paid children as little as 15 cents a week. Many adult workers received only $1 to $3 for a full week's labor. Five dollars a week was considered high pay.

## Trade Unions Thrive In Phoenix, Arizona

Phoenix, Ariz. — The vigorous organizing campaign here undertaken among the street railway and truck drivers has brought a large number of new members into the trade union movement. Phoenix Local 1023, Amalgamated Association of Street and Electrical Railway Employes of America, was established by O. H. Johnson, American Federation of Labor Organizer, with 62 members obligated in one body.

E. L. Mitchell, organizer for the Truck Drivers' Local Union No. 274, states that the employes of several business concerns are 100 per cent union. During the organizing campaign Mr. Mitchell has brought 60 truck drivers, chauffeurs and helpers into the union. The latest acquisitions to the union fold are the Johnson-Pearce Produce Company, and the Vienna Bakery of Temple, whose products are union made and union delivered.

## Ticket Racketeers Using Labor Unions as Blind

It is known to the active workers in the labor movement that this city is infested with telephone racketeers, non-union grafters using the name of Organized Labor to fleece merchants, business and professional men. Of course this work reflects on all local organizations and the unfortunate part of it is, it is being sponsored and encouraged by so-called union men.

Local unions of this county are not sponsoring these telephone and ticket racketeers and merchants and business men should first get in touch with the Journal office before purchasing tickets over the phone or from persons using the names of labor unions when selling tickets.

Call TEmplebar 6840 for information.

## Big Oakland Celebration For President's Birthday

In order to honor President Roosevelt's birthday on January 30th, a representative committee of citizens under the chairmanship of Mr. Geo. Baker, with headquarters at the Oakland Chamber of Commerce, has been working assiduously on a program of an unusually attractive nature.

The big celebration will take place at the Civic Auditorium in the evening when dancing and entertainment will be featured. In the latter such attractions as Tommy Harris, The Coquettes and other headliners will appear. A strong union orchestra will supply the music. Tickets are 75 cents each.

The various department stores of the city have arranged for artistic and historical displays and evidence is already at hand that everywhere the community is out to make this event one that will be long remembered.

## Silver's Inc. Clothiers, Taken From Unfair List

At the regular weekly meeting of the Central Labor Council on Monday, January 22nd, it was decided to remove the name of Silvers, Inc., Clothiers, of 422 Eleventh street, from the "We Don't Patronize" list.

It is extremely gratifying to find an old-established house like Silver's once more pulling in line with Organized Labor and this Journal congratulates those members of the clothing firm and the Retail Clerks' Association, Local No. 47, who were responsible for ironing out all difficulties and once again working in unity.

On another page will be found the firm's advertisement making a fine showing after so long an absence from our columns.

## Union Gains Recorded In Rock Island, Ill.

Rock Island, Ill.—Officials of the Tri-City Federation of Labor here, covering the cities of Rock Island and Moline, Illinois, and Davenport, Iowa report a large amount of progress for working men and women during the past year. Many new unions have been organized, the Musicians' Union recently re-affiliated with the Federation, three co-operative leagues have been established and many controversies adjusted in the interest of the workers.

Through the efforts of the Davenport Co-operative League men who were re-laying bricks on Civil Works Administration projects had their pay increased from 50 to 60 cents per hour. The Co-operative League is sponsored by the Organized Labor movement and has over two thousand members.

In general the officials declared that there is now more activity of action and real co-operation among the unions affiliated with the Tri-City Federation than ever before in its history.

## Roosevelt Puts Lewis On Coal Code Board

Washington, D. C. — President Roosevelt appointed John L. Lewis, president of the United Mine Workers of America, and F. E. Berquist of the National Recovery Administration, as members of the National Bituminous Coal Industrial Board set up to administer the bituminous coal code.

## Noted Artist's Tribute to President Whom Nation Honors at Birthday Fetes Jan. 30




A CALL TO THE COUNTRY TO HAIL HER LEADER

**This striking poster was painted by the famous artist, Howard Chandler Christy, when he heard of the national movement to observe President Roosevelt's birthday on Tuesday night, Jan. 30, by raising an endowment fund for Warm Springs Foundation for Infantile Paralysis at Presidential Birthday Balls given simultaneously in every community in the land. He gave it to the national committee as its official poster. Done in red, white and blue, the poster depicts Miss America at the left protecting two children who are looking up to President Roosevelt, shown above the capitol. The slogan across the top "America, to our President" was coined by Mr. Christy as a toast to Mr. Roosevelt from the nation.**

## 26 Breweries In Four States Sign Agreement for Union Shop

Seattle, Wash. — Organized Labor won a victory of which it may well be proud when a union shop agreement was made between the Pacific Northwest Brewers' Association representing all breweries in Oregon, Washington, Idaho and Montana and the representatives of the National and International Unions concerned.

O. W. Carter, International Representative of the Steam and Operating Engineers declared that all crafts, including the brewery workers who are concerned in the manufacture and distribution of beer, are taken care of in the contract. The breweries agree to abide by the jurisdictional awards decreed by the American Federation of Labor conventions, including those made at the 1933 convention. They also agree to have all building and repairs done by members of Organized Labor.

With regard to wages, the agreement prescribes that the prevailing union wage scales of the unions having jurisdiction in specific territories shall govern all breweries which are a party to the agreement. In return the unions agree to authorize the use of a suitable label to certify that the breweries' products are 100 per cent union.

Relative to the settlement of the controversies the contract declares:

"Any grievance which may arise over the interpretation of any of the provisions of this agreement or matters not covered by this agreement shall be adjusted by the foreman and workman directly involved, if possible.

"Failing this, the matter shall be taken up with the management of the brewery by the representative of the union involved and if unable to reach an adjustment shall be referred to a conference committee made up of three representatives from the Association and three from the unions.

"If the members of the conference committee deadlock, they shall name a seventh member, not associated with either group, to act upon the points at issue.

"The conference committee shall render its decision within ten days from the date receiving such case, and its decision shall be final and binding upon all parties. There shall be no cessation of work pending such decision."

The agreement expires on April 5, 1935, and continues thereafter until either party to it shall give the other thirty days written notice of a desire to have it changed, during which period conferences shall be held for the purpose of reaching an amicable agreement. There is the proviso, however, that the contract may be opened at any time by either party giving the other thirty days written notice for the sole purpose of adjusting hours or wages or both.

Edwin F. Theis, B. Hockstadter and J. C. Donnley signed the contract for the Pacific Northwest Brewers' Association.

Dave Beck, F. W. Brewster, O. W. Carter, Bert Swain, C. W. Doyle, James A. Duncan, Paul Frederickson and Rowland Watson signed the contract for the unions.

## Dayton Paint Workers Strike; Employer Victimized Trades Unionist, Is Charge

Dayton, Ohio.—The entire staff of paint and lacquer shades and color cample makers at the Lowe Brothers Paint Company here walked out charging violation of union agreements.

According to Leo Belg, president of the Dayton local of the Paint and Lacquer Shaders' Union, the strike was called because company officials discharged a union man alleged to have been active in organization work. He said the concern is trying to force one of the outlawed "company unions" upon its employes.

Inasmuch as the NRA code governing paint manufacturers guarantees to employes the right to organize for collective bargaining without interference from employers, the local union placed the matter in the hands of Government officials for settlement. In addition, the company was put on Organized Labor's "unfair" list.

**FINE DISTINCTION**

Guest—My word, I am thirsty.

Hostess—Wait a moment and I'll get you some water.

Guest—I said thirsty, not dirty.

## AFL Advocates Militant Ten-Point Social Justice Legislation Program

### Proposed Federal and State Measures Include Amendment of Recovery Act Labor Section, Shorter Work Week for Both Private and Public Workers.

Washington, D. C. — A ten-point program of social justice legislation, Federal and State, approved by the American Federation of Labor, was made public by William Green, president of the Federation, in a statement explaining the proposed measures.

"The American Federation of Labor is committed to the furtherance of a legislative program which relates to the affects very vitally the economic and social interests of all classes of working people," the statement said.

"It comprehends legislative measures which deal with vital economic questions relating to wages, hours and conditions of employment for government workers as well as social justice legislation which relates to social interests of the wage earner and his family.

**Labor Mobilizes for Action**

"The organizations of State Federations of Labor and City Central Labor Unions have been called upon to present to state legislatures the legislative proposals affecting the interests of labor which can only be dealt with by State legislation.

"The officers of the American Federation of Labor and its legislative representatives will specialize in the presentation of legislative measures to the Congress of the United States and in all efforts which are put forth to secure their enactment into law.

"The legislative measures which will be proposed in the different states cover the Child Labor Amendment to the Constitution, improved workmen's compensation laws, old age pensions, unemployment insurance, factory inspection and minimum wage legislation for women and minors.

"The legislative program which will be supported by labor and which will be submitted to Congress for action deals with:

**Amend Recovery Act**

"1. Amendments to the National Recovery Act and particularly to Section 7-A, as experience has shown to be necessary in order to make real and vital the intent and purpose of the labor sections of the National Recovery Act.

"2. The restoration of the wages and salaries of Government employes, which were taken away from them through the imposition of the 15 per cent reduction.

"3. Legislation providing for a shorter work-day and shorter work-week without reduction in pay for both private and public employes; this reduction in the number of hours worked per day and the number of days worked per week to be secured and applied as a remedy for unemployment, either through direct legislation or through the adoption of the shorter work-day and shorter work-week in the development and formulation of industrial codes of fair practice.

**Tighten Immigration Restriction**

"4. The strengthening of immigration statutes, together with adequate enforcement of all immigration laws.

"5. Federal legislation for the protection of the Nation's public schools and for the payment of decent salaries and wages for public school teachers and officials.

"6. Co-operation with the states in the enactment of legislation providing for old age pensions, unemployment insurance, the abolition of child labor, and the minimum wage for women and minors. The purpose of Federal legislation on this subject is to stimulate state social justice legislation providing for unemployment insurance, old age pensions, the abolition of child labor, and the minimum wage laws for women and minors.

**Protect Right to Organize**

"7. Legislation providing for the licensing of corporations. This legislation is designed to protect wage earners in the exercise of their right to organize and in the establishment and maintenance of decent wage standards, hours of labor and working conditions.

"8. Enactment of an old age pension law for the District of Columbia.

"9. An amendment to the District of Columbia Workmen's Compensation Act providing for the establishment of the exclusive state insurance fund.

**Federal Relief Measures**

"10. Legislation which will provide for continuation of relief measures as represented by the Civil Works Administration, and the acceleration of the public building construction and public works program. This legislation is made necessary in order to overcome unemployment and to provide for unemployment relief."

"The American Federation of Labor," Mr. Green concluded, "is committed to this legislative program and will concentrate its efforts during the winter both in State Legislatures and in the Congress of the United States to secure the enactment into law of the legislative measures included in this program."

## United Garment Workers Organize 50 New Locals

New York, N. Y. — The United Garment Workers of America organized fifty new local unions during 1933 and added thousands of members, declared General Secretary-Treasurer J. L. Wines.

The ultimate purpose of the Garment Workers, Mr. Wines stated, is to bring into the union fold all unorganized workers in the United States and Canada who specialize in the manufacture of mechanics' clothing and playsuits, dress and work shirts, factory made pants, athletic underwear, pajamas, aprons for waiters, barbers, surgeons and nurses, and white goods.

Mr. Wines added that he had never before seen such enthusiasm and interest in trade unions affiliated with the American Federation of Labor. He said he firmly believes the working men and women of America realize now more than ever before that their future happiness and welfare lie solely in membership in trade unions which have agreements with employers covering wages, hours and working conditions.

## Anti-Union Employer Wins Decision By NRA Board

Rochester, N. Y.—Union workers here hardly know what to expect from the NRA Compliance Board judging from the way the employer members shift their position on labor controversies.

After sustaining the charges of four employes of a local packing company that they were discharged because of their union affiliation, and recommending that they be reinstated, the Compliance Board reopened the case on appeal from the employers and reversed its previous decision.

In its first decision the vote of the Board was unanimous in sustaining the charges of the dismissed employes. When the company learned of this decision it immediately asked to have the case re-opened for further evidence. John J. Scully, attorney for the employes, finally agreed to this and trusted to the fairness of the board in the light of favorable evidence to confirm its decision.

At the second hearing the company put up the shadow claim that the workers were dismissed because of their relative inefficiency compared to the ones retained. It is reported, however, that no record of inefficiency or error was presented to the Board.

Confronted with testimony that officers of the company had made remarks to employes implying opposition to forming a union, the contention was made that a wrong interpretation had been placed on the remarks.

In the last "final" vote, the board decided 4 to 2 in favor of anti-union employers. Max Dolan, who represented the unorganized workers, joined with William A. Denison, Organized Labor's representative on the board, in support of the charges against the packing company.

## Middletown Unions Add 600 To Membership List

Middletown, Ohio. — Delegates to the annual meeting of the Middletown Trades and Labor Council reported that 600 new members were added to the various trade unions here during the past year. Mrs. Edith Miller, delegate of the Pulp, Sulphate and Paper Mill Workers' Union, was elected recording secretary of the council. She is the first woman chosen for that position.

# EAST BAY LABOR JOURNAL

Owned, Controlled and Published Every Friday by Central Labor and Building Trades Councils of Alameda County

562 Eleventh Street, Oakland, California Phone TEmplebar 6840

J. H. QUINN, Editor and Business Manager

Determined a newspaper of general circulation (as defined by Section 4460 of the Political Code) by Decree of the Superior Court of the State of California in and for the County of Alameda

Entered as Second-class Matter, November 3, 1923, at the Postoffice at Oakland, California, Under the Act of March 3, 1879

Subscription Rates—One Year.....$2.00
Single Copies.....5 Cents
Special Rates to Unions Subscribing in a Body

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## GATHERING IN THE GOLD COIN

Something is happening in the financial world. If Congress will approve President Roosevelt's plan with appropriate legislation a most commendable beginning will have been made in the direction of the government taking direct charge of the issuance of currency and of setting forth the conditions under which it is to be put into circulation.

When Andrew Jackson was president we had a chief executive of the nation who talked intelligently and effectively to the bankers of that day, Then, as now, we were confronted with a critical condition in financial circles. Now, as then, it is beginning to look as though we finally have another president, who is prepared to talk plainly to the bankers.

It is high time that the government of the United States took complete charge of the issuance of all legal tender used as money by our people. Too long the international bankers have been permitted to regulate the supply of money, determine when and how currency should be issued, and dictate on what conditions all money issued was to be permitted to get into circulation.

How was this tremendous power used by the big bankers who dominate the financial world. They steered the United States and its millions of people straight into the debacle of March 4, 1933, when the banks of the country greeted the inauguration of President Roosevelt with all being closed and clamoring for him to let them print billions in scrip for them to use instead of money. They even started printing the scrip till they found out not only that President Roosevelt had ideas of his own but that he was resourceful enough, with the aid of Congress, to put those ideas into execution.

Now the president is asking that the government call in all gold coin and deposit it as bullion in the treasury of the United States and that the government itself shall have the benefit of any gain resulting from decreasing the gold content equivalent of the American dollar. Again he is just as far ahead of the bankers as he was when he rejected their scrip plan last March.

Issuance of money is properly a function of government. It should serve the interests of the people far better to have all gold, used as a basis for money, under the direct control of the government than for it to be in the hands of any bank or group of bankers. The same applies to silver, which may be used as a basis for money.

Whatever monetary system may be evolved now or in the future and whatever may be the foundation upon which it eventually will be based the proper power to have complete charge of its issuance and distribution is the government.

## EVER CHANGING ORDER OF THINGS

Nothing with life in it can stand still. The individual, the state and the nation by that immutable law which spells eternal change throughout the universe, is ever undergoing a constant and continuous transformation. Even that which is dead passes through the various steps of disintegration and dissolution.

No industrial order, no scheme of government, no institution on earth ever did or could remain stationary. All are subject to the forces that help to drive that which makes life worth living to ever higher and better levels or crowds them back in the opposite direction.

That which goes ahead and survives during any given period of history is generally termed progress, until it has outlived its usefulness. After its mission is fulfilled, what constituted the advance outposts of one age becomes the decaying and disappearing remnants of a passing age in an enternally changing civilization, whose forward march has reached greatly modified conditions requiring vastly different means and methods to keep pace with the unfolding events of time and space.

Why should any one of us become excited or disturbed over coming changes which are ripe and ready to come into existence? If we cannot or do not want to aid in helping to achieve progress why waste our feeble strength to vainly try to beat back the inevitable? Would it not be far wiser to get out of the path of its coming before it attains hurricane proportions? If we don't get out of the way the ultimate outcome will be that onrushing progress sooner or later will overtake us and either bury us or push us rather rudely to one side.

When all is said and done it is not nearly so much a question of credit as it is a question of enabling the masses of the people to attain a condition in which no credit will be needed.

Not what can we do so that people can get head over heels into debt but what to do to enable people to get out of debt. That is the question.

## Ready for Nation's Biggest Birthday Party



(Acme)

THE PRESIDENT AND HIS MOTHER, MRS. JAMES ROOSEVELT

**When the President becomes 52 years old on Jan. 30 every community in the nation will give a ball in his honor to help raise an endowment for extension of the work of Warm Springs Foundation for Infantile Paralysis. The President's mother bought the first box sold for the great society ball to be held in the Waldorf-Astoria in New York, saying: "After all, it is my son's birthday and I am extremely interested in the splendid work of Warm Springs Foundation."**

## General Tire and Rubber Employes See End of Notorious Company Union

Akron, Ohio.—Coleman Claherty, district representative of the American Federation of Labor, expressed the belief that the first test of the strength of the General Tire and Rubber Company's company union here, scheduled to take place within the next few weeks will end the life of that notorious corportion-financed institution.

The company union masquerades under the title of "company representation" plan. For a long time it has been a bone of contention among employes of the company, nearly nine-tenths of whom are members of the United Rubber Workers' Federal Union, a bona fide organization affiliated with the American Federation of Labor.

The test will come at the election for collective bargaining representatives supervised by the National Labor board. On that day the employes will declare whether they desire company union representatives or American Federation of Labor representatives.

"It is not difficult to forecast the result of the vote," Claherty said. "Sentiment among the men and women has always been against the company union since its inception. The firm has made every effort to substitute its own organization for the bona fide union, but each try had met only failure."

Asserting that William O'Neil, president of the General Tire and Rubber Company, refuses to recognize the United Rubber Workers, Claherty added:

"This election, when it is held, will show the true sentiment of the employes and will force his hand. He recognizes only the company union, the very existence of which is a moral violation of the NRA."

## 72-Hour Week Imposed On Hospital Employes

Pueblo, Colo.—A scathing protest against the unreasonably long hours of employment imposed upon them was adopted by the Colorado State Hospital Employes' Union, affiliated with the American Federation of Labor, in a resolution demanding relief from the State legislature. It was declared that nearly all the 300 State Hospital employes are required to perform an average in excess of 72 hours duty each week.

The resolution asked the Legislature to remedy the long hours "without impairment of the present wage schedules," and urged that an investigation be made to "compare hours of service required of the State employes with those of commercial and manufacturing establishments whose hours are either fixed by statute or governed by codes assigned to their respective classes through the National Recovery Act." The union expressed the opinion that the legislature could reduce the length of the work week at this time without jeopardizing the State's finances.

## Dictators Also Fail

Those who imagine that only dictators know how to run a country should consider the following:

Italy's deficit for the current year will amount to $245,000,000.

Union Labor Post No. 1917 is a live wire post. Join now.

## "WE DON'T PATRONIZE"

The following persons and firms after a thorough examination into the causes at issue, have been deemed unworthy of the patronage of members of Organized Labor and their friends.

**Bakeries**
Mary Jane Pie Shop, 1105 12th St.
New Athens, 1651 Seventh St.
Verzie's Home Bakery, Hayward
Dad's Cookie Co., 414 23rd Ave.

**Boot and Shoe Repair Shops**
Zinke's Shoe Repairing Shops.

**Printing and Newspapers**
Piedmont Press 3953 Piedmont Ave.
W. S. Fry, 306 12th St.
Berkeley Gazette Publishing Co.
West Coast Printing Co., 467 4th St.
McKee-Abbott, Hall-White Printing Co. 2041 Livingston St.

**Theaters**
Lincoln Theatre, Alameda.
Moulin Rouge Theatre, 485 8th St.
Royal Theatre, 9717 E. 14th St.

**Meats, Ham and Bacon**
West End Meat Market, 1521 Webster Street, Alameda.
Ruebling Meat Market, 3803 San Pablo Ave., Emeryville.
Owens Meat Co., Grand and Webster
Kessler's, 6th Street Market
Kessel Bros. 6th Street Market
All Oriental Markets

**Restaurants and Cafeterias**
Allen's Cafe, 419 15th Street
Marne Cafe, 1631 Telegraph Avenue.
Riveria Cafe, 468-19th St.
Eiffel Tower, 2069 Broadway
Caliente Cafe, 1340 E. 12th St.
Colonial Cafeteria, 1506 Franklin St.
Hotel Oakland, 13th and Harrison
Wilson's 19th and Broadway
Rainbow Cafe, 1218 Broadway
Foster's White Lunches

**Miscellaneous**
Roosevelt Social Club, 12th & Clay
Radio Doctor, 1510 Hopkins
Hopkins Radio, 4002 Hopkins St.
E & H Radio, 3852 Telegraph Ave.
Farr's Food Store, 3326 Grand Ave.
Bell's Ice Delivery, 2647 Fruitvale Ave.
De Luxe Laundry, 1745 E. 14th St.
Nob Hill Creamery, Solano and San Pablo Ave.
Mutual Ice Company, 1851 67th Ave.
Radio Station KLX.
Leamington Barber Shop
Barber Shop, 435 12th Street
Peerless Stages System.
Leed's Shoe Store, 1315 Washington
Peerless Boiler Shop, 2020 E. 12th
Dick's Express, 6526 Telegraph Ave.
Cook's Oil Company
Ray Oil Burner Company
Pioneer Farm Creamery, Berkeley
Co-Op. Mfg. Co., overalls, jumpers, work shirts
Goldstone Bros., overalls, jumpers, work shirts
Marchant Calculating Machine Co.

**BUILDING TRADES COUNCIL**
Gwin Mortuary, 6th Ave., E. 14th Street.
Marshall Steel Company, Berkeley
San Pablo Coffee Shop, 1915 San Pablo Ave.
Motorcycle Race Track, Emeryville
Newberry Store, 19th and Broadway
Grayson's, 13th and Washington.
Moore Clothing, 1450 Broadway.
Western Dairy Prod., 24th and Grove
Best Foods Corporation.
H. C. Lovett Spray Co., Ltd.
Spott Electric Co., 2095 Broadway
Scott-Buttner Electric Co., 19 Grand
Telegraph Market, 45th - Telegraph
Ansel Electric Co., 1401 Park St., Alameda


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## Labor Makes Three Big Gains During Year of 1933

Washington, D. C.—A larger amount of employment, shorter hours, and improved union organization were cited as labor's three outstanding gains during 1933 in the annual review of the workers' economic conditions published in the American Federation of Labor's current "Monthly Survey of Business."

"One million eight hundred thousand who were out of work last year-end now have jobs in industry, and 4,600,000 have temporary work under the Civil Works Administration, the Public Works Administration, and the Civil Conservative Camps," the survey said.

"Average weekly hours in industry generally are shorter by 4½ hours per week than at the end of 1932, and workers are better organized to handle their problems and share in industrial control than they were last year."

**Wage Increases Nullified**

In the field of wages, however, the optimism is necessarily lessened by the conflicting elements of improved conditions for some workers and worse conditions for others. "There have been definite gains under codes for the lowest wage groups," the survey pointed out, but workers of average or higher wages have been forced to a lower living standard. Hourly wage rates average higher by 5½ cents per hour, mut in many cases this is not enough to compensate for shorter hours; and in no case is it enough to compensate for higher prices.

"Workers' income in our 16 chief producing and distributing industries averaged $20.53 a week in November, 1932, and $20.56 in November, 1933. Meanwhile, food prices are up 7 per cent and prices of clothing and furnishings are higher by 21 per cent, so that workers' real buying power is considerably lower. Millions who got jobs during the year are better off, but those who had jobs at more than a minimum wage have lost ground."

**Mass Buying Power Increased**

"Massed buying power has gained during the year, partly from reemployment in industry and partly from jobs created by the government through PWA and CWA. Income of all workers in industy is 11.7 per cent higher at this year-end than last, a gain of about $243,000,000 monthly. PWA payroll has added $60,000,000 and CWA about $240,000,000 so that workers' total buying power per month is above last year by $543,000,000, or 26.4 per cent. Workers' total income has risen so much more than prices that a considerable volume of buying power is liberated.

**Business Stimulated**

"The effect of this buying power has been to stimulate business, and the gain in business makes the outlook for employment and earnings in industry considerably brighter at this New Year's than last. Business activity is at least 10 per cent above last year as we enter 1934; farm prices are 25 per cent above last year and the general price level 12 per cent higher so that the heavy debt burdens which have been such

(Continued on Page 3)


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## A. F. of L. Executive Council Meets in Washington on January 23

Washington, D. C.—The regular mid-winter session of the Executive Council of the American Federation of Labor will open in the A. F. of L. Building here on January 23.

The Council will have under consideration the entire Federal and State legislative policy and program of the A. F. of L. as well as many important matters in the field of labor organization.

Of especial importance will be the question of the shorter work day and work week for both Government employes and the workers in private industry. The 1933 convention of the Federation declared for the universal 30-hour week as necessary to provide employment for the millions of jobless. Methods for realizing this objective will be considered by the Council.

January 24 the executive council met with the representatives of the affiliated National and International unions to consider the thorough organization of workers in mass production fields like the automobile and rubber industries.

The Executive Council consists of the following:

President, William Green; secretary, Frank Morrison; treasurer, Martin F. Ryan; first vice-president, Frank Duffy; second vice president, T. A. Rickert; third vice president, Mathew Woll; fourth vice president, James Wilson; fifth vice president, John Coefield; sixth vice president, Arthur O. Wharton; seventh vice president, G. M. Bugniazet.

## Pay Boost On Louisiana $17,000,000 Bridge Job

New Orleans, La.—Workers on the big $17,000,000 bridge project here secured a large increase in wages as a result of the strike settlement in which B. C. Pitts, international vice-president of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, was one of the negotiators.

By the agreement the employes landed a general 15 per cent rise in pay for workers on a monthly basis and rates of pay for others ranging from 40 cents an hour for unskilled labor to $1.25 for skilled labor. These rates, which were made retroactive to August 10, are said to be much higher than wages usually paid in Louisiana.


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The EAST BAY LUNG CLINIC is for the purpose of treating persons suffering with diseases of the lungs, especially Pulmonary Tuberculosis, and who are unable to pay their physicians for treatments.

The Medical Director, a lung specialist of many years' experience, is donating his services entirely free.

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We purchased the entire stock of H. & C. Brinkman, 960 Market Street, San Francisco! From this big stock of furniture, rugs, stoves, lamps and mirrors, there are still many outstanding values. Here are a few of them:

$49.50 3-Piece Walnut Veneer Set
An attractive bedroom set consisting of dresser, bed and chest! Nicely made and finished. $34.95

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Table type vanities with large mirror! If you need a vanity, buy now at a special saving! $12.95

$89 2-Piece Tapestry Suite
An attractive set with lovely rayon and cotton coverings. All-hardwood construction. Large! $69.50

$89.50 2-Piece Mohair Suite
Extra large, roomy and comfortable! Chesterfield and chair. Hardwood frame. Reversible cushions. $79.50

# Official Minutes of Central Labor Council

Oakland, California, Jan. 22, 1934.

The regular meeting of the Central Labor Council of Alameda County was called to order on the above date at the hour of 8:00 p. m., by President William P. Fee.

The following were noted as present:

Apple, Bowbeer, Church, Clark, Coons, DeBlois, Desimone, Doran, Doyle, J. H., Fee, Forbes, Fulmer, Goodwin, Hipkins, Hittle, Hagberg, Kennedy, Kerr, Key, Knight, Kremer, Kuebler, Larsen, J., Manning, Martin, Miller, J. F., Mundell, Murphy, Nelson, O'Kane, Real, Ricks, Roberts, Rodgers, Rowan, Rowell, Shea, Silverthorn, Sommermeyer, Spooner, Sweeney, M., Theobald, Thompson, Waalkes, Wagner, Wicks.

**Report of Business Agent—**

For the week ending January 22, 1934. Adopted.

**Credentials—**

No credentials.

**Communications—**

From the Fresno Typographical Union No. 144, calling attention to the activities of the Fresno Compliance Board which has challenged the right of Organized Labor and fair employers to collectively maintain contractural relationships. The organization requested that the Central Labor Council telegraph the National Recovery Administration protesting the action of the Fresno County Compliance Board. Request was ordered complied with.

From the United Garment Workers' Union, Local No. 8, of Cincinnati, Ohio, advising that the Pettibone Bros. Mfg. Co., are now using the union label of their organization. Ordered filed.

From the Bakery Wagon Drivers and Salesmen's Union, Local No. 432, requesting that the Piedmont Cakery, 3605 Market Street, be removed from the Official "We Don't Patronize" list. Ordered complied with.

From the Retail Clerks' Union, Local No. 47, requesting that the firm of Silvers, Inc., be removed from the official "We Don't Patronize" list. Ordered complied with.

From the Bakery Wagon Drivers and Salesmen's Union, Local No. 432, requesting that the Marr Bakery, 5126 Telegraph avenue, be placed on the official "We Don't Patronize" list. Referred to the executive committee.

From the Bakery and Confectionery Workers' Union, Local No. 119, requesting that the Chicago Bakery, 939 Third Street and Rosen's Bakery, 611 Washington Street, be placed on the official "We Don't Patronize" list. Referred to the executive committee.

From the Moving Picture Operators' Union, Local No. 169, requesting that the T & D Theater, be placed on the official "We Don't Patronize" list. Referred to the executive committee.

**Bills—**

Bills were referred to the trustees for audit.

**Reports of Committees—**

The executive committee reported that they had no recommendations to submit. The report was accepted.

**Trustees' Report—**

Trustees reported favorably on bills presented; report accepted, warrants ordered drawn and bills paid.

**Approval of Minutes—**

The minutes of the previous meeting were approved as published in the East Bay Labor Journal.

**Reports of Unions —**

Delegate Theobald of the Barbers' Union, Local No. 134, reported that his organization is going along very nicely and explained to the delegates the necessity of asking for the union shop card of his craft.

Delegate Hittle of the Oakland Printing Pressmen and Assistant's Union, Local No. 125, reported that the Berkeley Gazzette Publishing Company is still listed on the official "We Don't Patronize" list and explained the efforts that have been made to adjust the controversy with the concern mentioned. He explained the status of the codes governing his craft and called attention to the fact that his organization has voted to petition the Central Labor Council to place the firm of J. C. Penny on the official "We Don't Patronize" list.

Brother Rodgers of the Auto Mechanics' Union, Lodge No. 1546, thanked the officers of the council and the Brotherhood of Teamsters' Union, Local No. 70, for the cooperation extended his craft.

Delegate Roberts of the Operating Engineers' Union, Local No. 507, reported regarding the successful campaign of organization going on in the Shell Chemical plant at Concord, California.

Delegate Murphy of the Letter Carriers' Local No. 76, gave the delegates an interesting description of the formation of his organigation and advised regarding the trials and tribulations encountered by his fellow workers. He spoke of the high caliber of men in the postal service and their desire to serve the general public well asking in return only a fair standard of working conditions and in this regard asked the delegates to do their share in seeing to it that the men in the postal service receive a standard wage commensurate with the good service that they give to the citizens of this country.

Delegate Doran of the Bartenders' Union, Local No. 52, requested the co-operation of the delegates in asking for the blue button of his organization and thanked the delegates for the support already given his organization.

Delegates from the Retail Clerks' Union, Local No. 47, thanked the delegates for the co-operation given to their organization and advised that they contemplate a meeting soon with their employes for the purpose of discussing the 1934 wage agreement.

Delegate Wagner of the Butchers' Union, Local No. 120, reported regarding the strike of the meat packers in Los Angeles and explained certain matters involved in the situation.

**Unfinished Business—**

Secretary reported no unfinished business on the desk.

**Good of the Council—**

Delegate Roberts of the Operating Engineers' Union, Local No. 507, advised that he is circulating petitions concerning the building of a new court house and requested the co-operation of the delegates.

Delegate Wagner of the Butchers' Union, Local No. 120, spoke regarding the set-up of the National Compliance Board in the City of Los Angeles.

**New Business—**

Secretary Spooner reported that he had tickets for sale to the President's birthday ball in the office of the council where they can be purchased for the sum of seventy-five cents.

**Report of Secretary-Treasurer—**

For the week ending January 22, 1934. Adopted.

**Adjournment—**

There being no further business appearing the council then adjourned.

Respectfully submitted,

WM. A. SPOONER, Secretary.

## Labor Makes Three Big Gains During Year 1933

(Continued from Page 2)

an obstacle to recovery are lightened.

"Basic industries are beginning to pick up: Steel and machine tools are ending the year more than 100 per cent above last year's low level; automobile production in the last half year has been nearly double 1932; building in December has been nearly three times last year's level.

"Increased activity in these industries means double gains in employment, for these workers are not making food or clothing and their wages employ others in consumer industries to produce these essentials.

**Farmers Receive Benefits**

"Unsold crops, which were holding farm prices down while the unemployed went hungry, have been greatup reduced by the government, both by distribution to the unemployed and by the crop reduction program.

"The year-end finds the huge unmarketed supply of cotton reduced by over a million and a half bales or 22 per cent, unmarketed wheat less by one-third or over 130 million bushels, and other farm surpluses also reduced. These reductions have raised farm prices and the gains in farmer buying power have already put men to work in the industries making farmers' supplies.

**10,702,000 Lack Permanent Work**

"All these gains show progress, but we must not forget that in November, 10,702,000 workers still had no industrial employment, that CWA funds giving temporary work to 4,000,000 will be exhausted by February 15, that business is still 30 per cent below normal, that the outlook is overshadowed by a danger which might destroy all progress made—inflation by flat money."

## Strike Wins 5-Cent Cut In Price of Gasoline

San Juan, Puerto, Rico. — The automobile and truck drivers' strike and boycott against 25 cents per gallon for gasoline was ended when Acting Governor Benjamin J. Horton issued a decree fixing the price at 20 cents per gallon.

The strike lasted for two days extending to nearly every part of the Island. Business was practically suspended for two days.

City Boy: "Say, dad, how many kinds of milk are there?"

Father: "Well, there's evaporated milk, buttermilk, malted milk and—but why do you wish to know?"

"Oh, I'm drawing a picture of a cow, and I want to know how many spigots to put on her."


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# 4,000,000 Get Jobs By Codes; Hours Cut and Pay Raised For 20,000,000

Washington, D. C.—In a report on its achievements since last June 16, the National Recovery Administration claimed that 4,000,000 workers had been re-employed, with reduction in hours of work and rises in basic rates of pay for fully five times that number.

The report declares that during its first six months the National Recovery Administration has placed from eighteen to twenty million out of an estimated twenty-four million of industrial workers under codes of fair competition established by virtue of the National Recovery Act, with maximum hours and minimum wage rates fixed and destructive trade practices eliminated.

The report refers to the code plan as "national industrial self-government" and says it has been practically achieved six months after President Roosevelt signed the Recovery Act. Referring to the combined achievements of the President's re-employment agreement, sent out on July 24, and the NRA codes, the report said:

"As a result of this vast administrative process, the last accurate reports show that some 4,000,000 workers have been restored to gainful employment. The basic wage of nearly five times that number in factories, stores and mines has been raised. Coupled with drastic reduction in maximum working hours, this has brought about a great improvement in working and living conditions throughout the country.

"The whole program was put through by affording American business for the first time in history the opportunity it has long sought to co-operate for the elimination of practices which were beyond control from within and which were destroying business itself.

"With the nation's economic life at its lowest ebb, the NRA afforded the means and the method not only of pulling out of the depression, but of hastening a state of permanent economic security."

The report singles out the cotton textile industry as an example of the achievements secured for the workers by means of code regulations on hours and wages, as follows:

"Dramatic achievements were disclosed when results of the operation of the first code were made public. Results under the cotton textile code, published after two months' operation, showed payrolls doubled, the new rate being 40 per cent in excess of the code minimum, a 25 per cent reduction in the work week, and astonishing results in plant recovery. Of equal importance was the complete elimination of child labor in this industry, which had been unable because of the chiseling minority, ever before to wipe out this hideous abuse."

The report also refers to the National Labor Board as having achieved important results in the settlement of industrial disputes in connection with the NRA codes.

# Benefits of Organized Labor Since Roman Republic Stressed by Frey

Washington, D. C.—The advantages which working men and women have secured from labor organizations during hundreds of years were stressed by John P. Frey, secretary-treasurer of the Metal Trades Department of the American Federation of Labor,. in an address here before Stenographers, Typewriters, Bookkeepers and Assistants' Union No. 11773.

Speaking on the history of the labor movement, Mr. Frey traced the development of the principles that underlie the trade union movement of today and showed that many of the principles and practices were successfully employed by free trade unionists of the Roman Republic.

These principles included collective bargaining and an interest in the social and political activities of the day.

The speaker pointed out that wherever influence of the Roman Republic was felt there developed a desire on the part of the workers to organize into trade unions remarkably similar to the organizations of the present day. This condition was charged when Rome became imperialistic and the empire replaced the republic. Slave labor became a vital issue in the efforts of the Roman trade unions to better the conditions of their members. He cited the recent archaeological discovery of records of trade union agreements in the days of ancient Rome. These records indicate that the business agents and union officials of that day were thoroughly prepared and able to safeguard the interest of their constituents.

During the mediaeval ages, Mr. Frey said, the trade union acitvity was at a minimum, but the underlying principles of the movement were never lost and were kept alive particularly by the building craftsmen. During the Renaissance and even prior thereto ecclesiastical guilds were formed along craft lines, particularly in the skilled trades. These guilds held sway until the advent of modern civilization.

He emphasized the stability and financial resources of modern labor organizations, contrasting the picture with the early days of the American labor movement when trade union officials were poorly paid, if paid at all, and the meeting halls were none too spacious or commodious; when workers were compelled to meet on barges in the Erie Canal in order to avoid detection by employers.

"The present desirable condition," he declared, "is a result of struggle and vision of men, rank and file, as well as leaders, who fought for the development of the ideal of industrial democracy."

Mr. Frey urged office workers not to lose sight of the interdependency of groups of workers. "The movement," he said, "depends upon the progress of all unions. Organizations which have achieved a fair measure of prosperity should assist newer unions in every way possible. The final test is not what we derive in benefits from our trade union association, but the degree of co-operation and help we are ready to extend to our less fortunate fellow workers."

## Don Green Opens Buffeteria

Don Green, culinary expert, who has been associated with Organized Labor since 1915, and was up till two weeks ago, with Dick's Buffet, 413 Thirteenth street, has opened an attractive buffeteria at 1425 Franklin street.

Besides giving every attention to the gastronomic philosophers who foregather to sample his viands, Don is proud to point out his picturesque back bar that cost $3,000. Old-timers will recognize this picturesque piece of mahogany as formerly part of the Faust Bar, 18th and San Pablo Ave. of half a century ago.

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**The Central Labor Council of Alameda County Asks That You DO NOT Patronize**

**UNFAIR BAKERIES LISTED IN THE LABOR JOURNAL**

FOSTER'S BAKERIES AND LUNCHES; Mary Jane Pie Shop, 1105 12th Street; New Athens, 1651 Seventh Street; Verzie's Home Bakery, Hayward; Dad's Cookie Co., 414 23rd Avenue.

SEE LIST IN THIS NEWSPAPER


# Bakers Continue Campaign Against All Foster's White Lunches and Bakeries; Women's Clubs Withdraw All Patronage

Additional proof that the Foster's White Lunches and Bakeries are feeling the force of the campaign being waged against them by Organized Labor, their friends and sympathizers, continues to come to hand to the office of the Journal. To their everlasting credit, fraternal organizations, women's and business clubs, not directly associated with Organized Labor, have joined in the practical indignation against the firm that has refused to pay the prevailing wage scale and employ members of the Bakers' Union.

The justness and the human nature of the union cause is one that will appeal to everyone with a sense of fairplay and a desire to see the worker receive a fair day's wage for a fair day's work. The intelligent section of the community has long since realized that the underpaid worker is a liability and not an asset, and on those economic grounds alone, the cheap employer cannot hope for sympathy. Sheer stubbornness is going to be costly to this type and as has been proved innumerable times in the past, it is when his pocket is touched, he realizes he is playing a losing game.

How long Foster's White Lunches and Bakeries can maintain their present attitude will depend on the pressure they are already feeling and we have no hesitation in stating there will be no let-up on this.

## Chicago Bank Opposes Insurance of Deposits

Chicago, Ill.—Officials of the Harris Trust and Savings Bank hinted in a letter to the stockholders that it might withdraw from the Federal Reserve System rather than submit to the deposit insurance plan to which 13,423 banks out of 13,564 have agreed. The plan is backed by the Federal Government.

## San Antonio Gas Workers Win Union Shop and Raise

San Antonio, Texas.—Officials of the recently organized Gas Workers' Union here negotiated a contract with the San Antonio Public Service Company which accords recognition of the union and gives a pay increase, in some instances as much as $2 per day, affecting about 50 per cent of its members, all of whom are in the employ of the company.

The union has the gas works employes very nearly 100 per cent organized. Out of 81 workers eligible for union membership, 78 carry union cards.

Roosevelt club, Moose hall, 12th and Clay streets is unfair to Musicians' Union.


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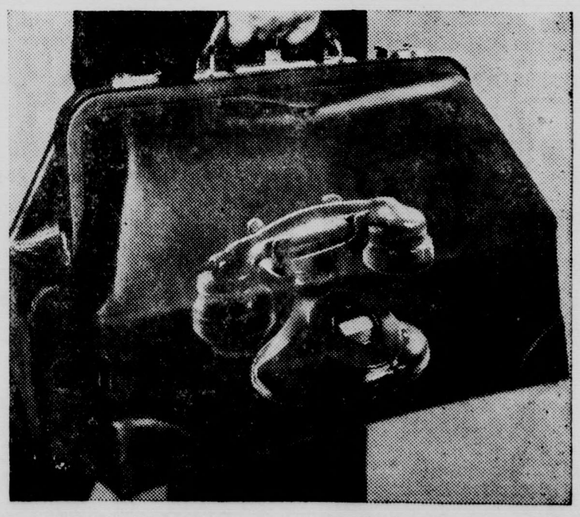
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## The Central Labor Council of Alameda County Asks That You DO NOT Patronize

# UNFAIR THEATERS LISTED IN THE LABOR JOURNAL

**The Lincoln Theater, Alameda; the Moulin Rouge (formerly Gem) Theater, 485 Eighth Street; the Royal (formerly Fern) Theater, 9717 East Fourteenth Street.**

**SEE LIST IN THIS NEWSPAPER**

# T & D Theater Now Operating Non-Union; Owner Is Violating Moving Picture Code; Violation to Be Reported to Washington

Union moving picture operators were locked out at the T & D theater during the past week when Morgan Walsh, owner of the theater, and general manager of the Mann Circuit of California, which operate non-union throughout the State, increased the price of admission from twenty cents to thirty-five cents and decreased his moving picture force from two operators to one.

According to the Moving Picture Code, that was signed by the President a few days ago, this procedure is a strict violation of the code, the code stating that on all first run pictures the same working force must be employed and wages paid as of August 23, 1933, calling for at least two men on all first-run pictures.

This violation is a flagrant one and has been reported to the NRA Board of Control at Washington. Mr. Walsh, owner of the T & D theater, represented the Independent Theater Owners of Northern California at Washington and was one of the outstanding figures in the drawing-up of the Moving Picture Code. Now Mr. Walsh is the first theater owner to violate the code in this district.

All other theaters in the east bay district, some with much smaller seating capacity than the T & D theater, are abiding by the code to the letter, but Mr. Walsh has flatly refused to abide by the code and insists on increasing prices and lowering wages in spite of the fact that he displays the Blue Eagle in his theater.

Displaying the Blue Eagle in face of this flagrant violation of the code is a challenge to the National Recovery Act and, it is said, this challenge will be taken before the NRA Compliance Board of Alameda County, who in turn may recommend prosecution for such a violation and the Blue Eagle will be withdrawn.

In San Jose, we are told, Mr. Walsh has been accused of a similar violation and his case is now pending before the Compliance Board there.

The Theatrical Federation of Alameda County has placed the T & D theater on the "We Don't Patronize" list and is requesting the membership of Organized Labor and its friends to refrain from patronizing the theater until it again employs union movie operators.

## Campbell Dental Parlors Now Flourishing in Oakland

In the practice of dentistry in Northern California, the name of Dr. Campbell needs no introduction because for 14 years few names in the profession have been better or more favorably known. However, in its meteoric expansion, it is but a few months since that this enterprising organization was able to permanently locate in Oakland at the present office situated at 490 Thirteenth St.

The House of Campbell carries certain specializations that should appeal strongly to readers of this Journal and because these are of proven value, we are glad to present them. While expert in all branches of dental work, special attention is paid to plates. A special study in this particular branch has proved that under expert workmanship a perfectly natural expression can be attained and the remarkable results attained has been the means of bringing innumerable patients for this particular treatment.

Another important factor in the success of the Dr. Campbell organization is its credit system by which, on the payment of one-third down and generous subsequent terms to the patient, anyone requiring good teeth, might have them. It would seem that the slogan "good teeth at a reasonable price on convenient conditions of payment" might be adopted.

Judging by the activity of the Oakland office, of doctors and nurses and the many callers, there is no doubt of the future of this organization in the east bay.

## CWA Jobs For Women

Mrs. Ellen S. Woodward, director of women's relief activities, declared recently that nearly half of the 400,000 unemployed women have been put to work in CWA jobs.

# AUXILIARY NOTES

**HOW THE WOMEN ARE HELPING THROUGH THEIR ORGANIZATIONS**

### Typographical Auxiliary No. 26

Number 26 held a regular business meeting January 4th and was well attended, but as the weather moderates we expect to see more members in attendance.

Regular social day was held Friday, Jan. 19th, at the clubhouse, and we were pleased to see so large a number out to enjoy the day. A delicious luncheon was served, and much credit and praise is due to our hostesses who were, Mrs. J. A. Forster, chairman; assisted by Mesdames. Boek, Chaudet, McDill, Stiffler and Miss Mary Chaudet. All present had a most enjoyable time. Thanks to our hostesses. The afternoon was devoted to cards, both bridge and whist, which netted a nice sum for the treasury.

Mrs. R. W. Phelphs, mother of Mrs. Goldie, arrived from Chicago last week and expects to make her home with her daughter. She reports having a most enjoyable trip overland by bus.

The writer is pleased to report that Mrs. Golden is nicely on the road to recovery after being confined to her bed several days with a severe cold.

The next business meeting will be held February 1st, at the clubhouse. All members should make an especial effort to be present.

"We boost the union label."

MRS. F. M. CHILSON, Press Cor.

### Notes of Ladies' Auxiliary I. A. of M. No. 97.

**Officers' Meeting**

Officers of Auxiliary No. 97 will hold its first meeting of the new year at the home of President Ora Granter, 720-27th street, Monday evening, Jan. 29th, beginning at 8 o'clock. Plans will be discussed and outlined for the coming year.

**Meeting**

Next meeting of Auxiliary No. 97 Friday evening, Jan. 26th, will be the first meeting under our new president, Ora Granter. All members are requested to attend and start her off in a big way.

**Past Presidents**

On Tuesday evening, Jan 16th, the Past Presidents' Club attended their annual dinner at Pete's Fashion French Restaurant, after which they attended the Paramount theater. Past Presidents that were present: Sisters Swan, Dixon, Pettit, Logue, Hines, Van Cott, Hoover and President Sadie Taylor was the invited guest.

**Congratulations**

Congratulations from Ladies' Auxiliary No. 97 to Miss Edith Hoover, as she was installed as president of Aloha Parlor Native Daughters of the Golden West last Tuesday evening.

**Sick List**

Sister Dixon is reported with a very bad cold. Sister Snyder is reported with an injured foot. President Granter hopes they will be well enough to attend the next meeting.

TESSIE O'LEARY, Press. Cor.

### Notes of the Ladies' Auxiliary of Carpenters No. 160

Ladies' Auxiliary of Carpenters met last Monday evening with a good attendance, President Knott presiding.

The unfair conditions in some restaurants and KLX were discussed.

It is reported that the fixtures in the Owl Drug Store, at 13th and Broadway were installed by non-union carpenters.

Sister Olsen was installed as conductress.

The meeting adjourned and brothers of Local No. 36 joined us to partake of coffee, cake and sandwiches.

Sister Olsen was chairlady of the evening.

TESSIE O'LEARY, Press. Cor.

# 15 Per Cent Pay Boost for Federal Workers Militantly Urged By Green

### A. F. L. Chief Tells Senate Committee That Government Wages Paid Thousands Are Below Requirements for Recognized Health and Decency Standards.

Washington, D. C.—Declaring that the wages which the Government now pays 60 per cent of its employes are not high enough to buy a living complying with recognized standards of decency, William Green, president of the American Federation of Labor, urged the Senate appropriations sub-committee to restore all of the 15 per cent pay cut imposed on over half a million Federal workers by the last Congress.

The committee was considering the bill passed by the House of Representatives restoring only five per cent of the cut for the next fiscal year and continuing the remaining 10 per cent slash.

Mr. Green also directed attention to the rising cost of living as an added reason for abolishing the entire 15 per cent pay reduction.

**Health and Decency Minimum**

On the specific question of the present unwarranted low remuneration which the Government awards its workers he said:

"Sixty per cent of the Federal employes are now receiving less than the minimum wage for health and decency. In 1932, 417,089 Federal employes, or 60 per cent, were receiving $2,000 a year or less. Since then their budget has been cut by 15 per cent to $1,700 or less.

"The average minimum budget for health and decency in ten large American cities on December, 1933, was $1,871 a year—$171 above what the best paid of these Federal employes was receiving.

"These figures for the minimum budget were based on ten cities where the cost of living has declined much more rapidly during depression than it has in Washington, so that actually these Federal employes are at present much further below the minimum health and decency budget than appears from these figures.

"In 1932 there were 270,000 Federal employes earning $1,700 a year or less. With the wage cut they were reduced to $1,445 a year, an income far below the minimum for health and decency.

"The average size of the Government employe's family is almost exactly five persons, the number for which this budget was prepared.

"Is the Government going to set the standard of paying a wage even below the health and decency minimum to the majority of its employes?"

**Cost of Living Rises**

Turning to the already increased cost of living and the inevitable additions to that cost in the immediate future forced by rising prices, Mr. Green pointed out that ordinary standards of equity made it emperative for Congress to partially protect the Federal Workers in this field by restoring the entire 15 per cent cut in their way. He said:

"Cost of living has been rising more rapidly in the city of Washington than in the United States as a whole. From June to December, 1933, according to Labor Department figures, cost of living in Washington rose 6.5 per cent, while in the United States as a whole, it rose only 5.2 per cent.

**Boosted Prices Inevitable**

"We know that we have ahead of us a period of rapidly rising prices. Retail prices of food in Washington are already 15.5 per cent above the depression low point of April, 1933.

"We are establishing a wage rate now which is to last until June, 1935. Unless we restore the 15 per cent wage reduction now, by June, 1935, Federal employes will indeed be living a pinched existence.

"If cost of living in Washington should rise even one-half as much in each of the coming six-month periods as it has risen in the last six months, the Federal employes' living expense by June, 1935, would be 16.5 per cent higher than it was when the second pay cut went into effect.

**Living Standards Destroyed**

"With the present up-surge of prices and the efforts of the Administration to restore pre-depression price levels, it does not seem in the least unlikely that living cost will rise to this extent and it may rise much more.

"If the Government going to allow the income of its employes to lag behind the price rise so far as to cause wide-spread destruction of their living standards?"

**Wage Cuts in Industry**

Mr. Green also emphasized the deplorable effect on workers in private industry of continuing the wage cut for Government employes due to the well-known policy of employers to use low wages in Government service as justification for holding down and decreasing the wages of workers throughout private industry and commerce.

"The Federal Government is a larger employer of labor than any industry in the United States," he said. "What kind of example is it setting if the 15 per cent wage cut is continued while it urges other industries to raise wages?"

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## Augusta Schoolhouses Are Built By Union Carpenters

Augusta, Ga.—Two public school buildings here will be erected by union carpenters as the result of the agreements negotiated by J. W. Luquire, business agent of the local union of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America, with the Claussen-Lawrence Construction Company and Wheatley & Mobley, local contractors.

Under the terms of the school building contracts, the construction companies may elect to conform with the Public Works Administration regulations governing the employment of skilled workers by securing them either through the re-employment bureau or through agreements with local trade unions. Both of the firms chose the latter method.

It was announced that other unions in the building trades expected to secure union contracts for the employment of their members on the two school buildings.

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